

CHAPTER 24

TIMELINE

Insert the following events into the timeline. This should help you to compare important historical events chronologically.

battle of Plassey
Zulu victory at Isandhlwana
discovery of diamonds in Orange Free State

Partition of east Africa
Boers begin Great Trek
beginning of Boer War

____ 1757

____ 1830

____ 1867

____ 1879

____ 1890s

____ 1899

TERMS, PEOPLE, EVENTS

The following terms, people, and events are important to your understanding of the chapter. Define each one on a separate sheet of paper.

Boer War
contested settler colonies
Ghost Dance
Great Mahele
Isandhlwana
James Mill
John Buchau
Lord Stanley
Mataram
Methodism
miscegenation
muumuu
Natal
Plassey
Prince Kamehameha
princely states
veld

Captain James Cook
Cecil Rhodes
Maji Maji
bungalow
true colonies
utilitarians
René Maran
Samory
sepoys
evangelicals
white racial supremacy
haoles
Boer republics
Robert Clive
Java
nabobs

partition
impis
Boxer Rebellion
hookahs
white dominions
Thomas Macaulay
Khoikhoi
Ahimadou Sekou
British Raj
Jeremy Bentham
assegais
nationalists
Rorke's Drift
presidencies
Queen Victoria
Lord Charles Cornwallis

MAP EXERCISE

The following exercise is intended to clarify the geophysical environment and the spatial relationships among the important objects and places mentioned in the chapter. Locate the following places on the map.

Mark the colonial possessions of the following countries: Great Britain, France, Germany, Portugal, and Belgium.

Compare the colonial holdings of the European nations in 1914 to the colonial ventures of the 17th century. What nations became more significant as imperial powers? What nations ceased to play a major role in worldwide imperialism? How does this reflect the political changes in Europe?

