

## CHAPTER 22

### TIMELINE

*Insert the following events into the timeline. This should help you to compare important historical events chronologically.*

Tokugawa Shogunate established  
Hideyoshi unifies Japan  
Portuguese conquest of Goa  
Zhu Yuanzhang proclaims Ming dynasty  
Dutch East India Company establishes Batavia  
end of Ming dynasty

\_\_\_ 1368

\_\_\_ 1510

\_\_\_ 1590

\_\_\_ 1603

\_\_\_ 1620

\_\_\_ 1644

### TERMS, PEOPLE, EVENTS

*The following terms, people, and events are important to your understanding of the chapter. Define each one on a separate sheet of paper.*

Asian sea-trading network	caravels	Goa
Chongzhen	Manchu	Nobunaga
Deshima	School of National Learning	caravel
Dutch trading empire	Treaty of Gijanti	Luzon
Hongwu	Macao	Canton
mercantilists	factories	Robert Di Nobli
Ormuz	Malacca	Batavia
Toyotomo Hideyoshi	Tokugawa Ieyasu	Edo
Vasco da Gama	Sanskrit	friars
Xuwei	Yuan era	Middle Kingdom
Yunglo emperor	neo-Confucian	Empress Ma
Zhenghe expeditions	Matteo Ricci	Adam Schall
Zhu Yuanzhang	scholar-gentry	Forbidden City
Mindanao	Francis Xavier	

## MAP EXERCISE

*The following exercise is intended to clarify the geophysical environment and the spatial relationships among the important objects and places mentioned in the chapter. Locate the following places on the map.*

Ming China  
Batavia  
Goa  
Japan  
Canton

Malacca  
Ceylon  
Macao  
Ormuz

The text divides the Asian trade network into three parts. Is it possible to divide the network into northern and southern sectors? In which were the Europeans most successful? How does this relate to the major civilized empires?

