## **CHAPTER 26**

## **TIMELINE**

Insert the following events into the timeline. This should help you to compare important historical events chronologically.

Boxer Rebellion begins in China Ottoman Janissary corps destroyed British occupation of Egypt Tanzimat reforms in Ottoman Empire Opium War begins in China Taiping Rebellion begins in China

| <br>1826 |
|----------|
| <br>1839 |
| <br>1839 |
| <br>1850 |
| <br>1882 |
| 1898     |

## TERMS, PEOPLE, EVENTS

The following terms, people, and events are important to your understanding of the chapter. Define each one on a separate sheet of paper.

al-Afghani Ahmad Orabi Muhammad Abduh banner armies Qing dynasty Zhu Xi Puyi Boxer Rebellion Murad compradors Lin Zexu Opium War iihad General Kitchener Battle of Omdurman Khalifa Abdallahi banner armies Kangxi Mahdi Suez Canal khartoum Muhammad Ali khedives Sultan Abdul Hamid Sultan Selim III Sultan Mahmud II Tanzimat reforms Taiping Rebellion Hong Xiuquan Cixi Treaty of Nanjing Young Turk Revolution Battle of Aboukir University of al-Azhar Muhammad Achmad ulama

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## MAP EXERCISE

The following exercise is intended to clarify the geophysical environment and the spatial relationships among the important objects and places mentioned in the chapter. Locate the following places on the map.

Boundaries of the Ottoman Empire Boundaries of the Qing Empire

Look at the map from Chapter 22. Which of the two declining empires was closest to the European imperial interests in the Asian trade network? Does this help explain the more direct incursion of Europeans in one civilization than in the other?

